

IASC Questionnaire for Local/National Actors on Linking Humanitarian, Development and Peace Programming

YOUR DETAILS

Please note that your information will be kept confidential and we will not name you or your organization in the published report.

1. Name of organization:

Abs development organization for woman and child

2. Type of organization:

☐ Non-Government Organization (NGO)

☐ Civil society organization

☐ Women's rights organization

☒ **Women-led organization**

☐ NGO Network

☐ Government actor

☐ Other

please specify

3. Country and location (e.g., province or district) of operations in that country:

Yemen

4. Email contact (we will use this to send a copy of the final mapping report for your information):

fundraising.manager@absyemen.org

5. Please tick if you would be comfortable with the survey team contacting you to understand more about your responses:

☐ **Yes**

☐ No

YOUR ORGANISATION'S EXPERIENCE

6. Do any of your programmes link humanitarian issues (i.e., short-term basic needs and life saving for crisis affected communities) with a consideration of longer-term needs, vulnerabilities and resilience? For example, linking with development or peace/conflict programming.

☐ **Yes**

☐ No

If yes, then please elaborate on one example of how you do this:

ADO has a lot of intervention in health, WASH, FSL, education that is humanitarian with sustainable outcome. The projects are implemented in Yemen through the conflict and is addressed the longer-term needs, vulnerabilities and resilience

7. What financing mechanisms have you accessed to fund programmes that actively link humanitarian actions with development or peace concerns?

Please list the *most important* sources of funds for this work:

DKH-BMZ, UN-OCHA, UNDP, WFP, GIZ

8. Which organizations do you partner with on programmes that actively link humanitarian actions with development or peace concerns?

Please list the most important partners for this work:

DKH-BMZ, UNDP, GIZ

9. What monitoring approaches are you using to track progress or the impact of your programmes that work across humanitarian, development and peace issues? [These can include individual agency approaches or inter-agency monitoring initiatives]

Please briefly explain the monitoring approaches:

depend on the project and mostly the agency approach but also there is initiative for accountability and quality assurance that ADO is COLEAD and it is inter-agency

10. Are community perceptions included in your monitoring?

☐ Yes

☐ No

If yes, please briefly explain:

the KII, focused group discuss is addressing the perception and again the initiative for accountability and quality

11. Has your organization conducted any of your own analyses of risks, vulnerabilities and underlying drivers/ root causes of fragility and humanitarian needs? [e.g., political, risk, conflict, security, climate, human rights, gender, migration, leave no one behind, etc.]

☐ Yes

☐ No

If yes, please briefly explain:

another example is the conflict between the IDPs and host is the availability of water so contact them to know the root of the conflict and solve it help to resolve

12. Has your organization participated in joint analyses (or contributed to the analysis conducted by another organization) of risks, vulnerabilities and underlying drivers/ root causes of fragility and humanitarian needs? [e.g., political, risk, conflict, security, climate, human rights, gender, migration, leave no one behind, etc.]

☐ **Yes**

☐ No

If yes, which types of analyses? Please briefly explain:

we are working now in joint analysis with REACH and relief international to detect the problems, gaps for the targets areas

13. What are the greatest challenges you have encountered in your organization to implementing a more joint humanitarian-development-peace approach? (Tick all that apply)

☐ **Funding**

☐ Staffing

☐ **Lack of guidance/ technical know-how**

☐ Resistance / lack of commitment by participating actors

☐ Competing priorities

☐ Lack of development assistance

☐ Risk to principled humanitarian action

☐ **Competition for limited resources**

☐ Lack of coordination (including around joint analyses and joined-up programming)

☐ **Lack of a common understanding of what a humanitarian-development-peace nexus approach means**

☐ Other (please specify)

14. Additional remarks and other challenges related to question 13:

15. What factors have been most important to helping you to implement a more joint humanitarian-development-peace approach?

Please briefly name the key enabling factors:

the needs to implement Nexus in programmatic way and to increases the resilience of the intervention

16. Have you experienced that linking peace/conflict programming with humanitarian work causes challenges to principled humanitarian action – e.g., being neutral and independent? If so, please provide examples of how this was successfully handled.

☐ Yes

☐ No

If yes, please briefly describe the challenges and successes

COORDINATION AT THE NATIONAL LEVEL

17. Are you aware of any efforts to coordinate humanitarian-development-peace approaches nationally? For example, led by the government or UN actors.

☐ Yes☐ No

If yes, then who/which organization is in charge of coordinating it? Please briefly explain the approach:

there is different efforts start and a lot of organization is stated to do so such as WHO, UNDP, UNOPS, WFP, FAO and UNICEF

18. If there is a national level approach, has your organization been consulted or engaged in those processes?

☐ Yes☐ No

If yes, please explain your involvement

ADO has initiative called Nexus Yemen Initiative and alot of consultation done regarding that

19. In your perspective, how much progress has been made nationally to strategically align short-term emergency response with longer-term risks, vulnerabilities and priorities, and conflict mitigation? (Please consider the last 5 years)

☒ **Significant progress**

☐ Some progress

☐ No progress

☐ Some decline

☐ Significant decline

Remarks:

SUCCESS, CHALLENGES AND LEARNING

20. Please share any positive examples of programming, key challenges (and unintended consequences) or lessons learned from your work on linking humanitarian programming with longer-term needs and considerations of peace and conflict. Please note if they include a focus on gender.

[Please provide links if you have any documentation/reports on this subject that you would like to share]

ADO has alot of experience that could be shared regarding that

21. Please share any examples of where working on peace/social cohesion alongside humanitarian and development enabled sustained impact.

Please note if they include a focus on gender.
Please explain how this happened.

**organization gender and protection is main steaming
regionally ADO is representative Yemen in Nexus steering
committee**

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Done

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